

Table 7.A
Access to sources of drinking water and use of solid fuels for cooking

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Access to sources of drinking water and use of solid fuels for cooking (*continued*)

Country or area ^a	Year	Proportion of households within 15 minutes from a source of drinking water (%)		Proportion of households without water on premises by adult person usually collecting water (%)				Average time needed to collect water (minutes per trip)		Proportion of households using solid fuels for cooking (%)	
		Urban	Rural	Urban		Rural		Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural
				Woman	Man	Woman	Man				
Africa (continued)											
Zambia	2007	81	46	37	9	81	6	..	..	61	98
Zimbabwe	2005/06	99	39	4	1	63	11	..	..	12	96
Asia											
Armenia	2005	99	87	1	2	4	16	..	..	1	12
Azerbaijan	2006	95	68	6	3	35	7	..	..	1	23
Bangladesh ^b	2006	95	89	20	1	31	2	11	13	62 ^g	99 ^g
Cambodia	2005	92 ^h	75 ^h	..	..	..	..	..	..	69	96
Georgia ^b	2005	98	83	3	2	23	14	13	17	18	90
India	2005/06	86	70	22	6	48	6	..	..	31	90
Indonesia	2007	96	90	6	5	19	9	..	..	22	77
Iraq ^b	2006	96	72	2	5	32	13	13	24	1	13
Jordan	2007	100 ⁱ	98 ⁱ	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	1
Kazakhstan ^b	2006	93	70	4	8	16	33	18	20	7	41
Kyrgyzstan ^b	2005/06	95	72	7	4	31	19	13	17	12	56
Lao People's Democratic Republic ^b	2006	94	79	18	5	61	5	9	12	91	100
Mongolia ^b	2005	62	31	19	28	32	51	21	39	61	98
Nepal	2006	88	77	20	6	52	4	..	..	39	92
Pakistan	2006/07	93	85	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	90
Philippines	2003	93	81	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Syrian Arab Republic ^b	2006	99	91	1	6	6	15	10	24	—	1
Tajikistan ^b	2005	89	60	16	2	57	7	24	27	8	48
Thailand ^b	2005/06	99	98	3	2	6	3	9	11	11	47
Turkey	2003	96	93	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Turkmenistan	2000	96	89	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	1
Uzbekistan ^b	2006	94	70	6	4	34	20	16	15	1	25
Viet Nam ^b	2006	97	95	2	1	7	4	17	16	26	79
Yemen ^b	2006	92	43	2	5	47	6	45	65	1	52
Latin America and the Caribbean											
Belize ^b	2006	95	91	5	8	14	10	13	9	2	27
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	2003	97	81	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	79
Colombia	2005	100	93	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	53
Cuba ^b	2006	95	82	4	8	12	27	15	17	..	..
Dominican Republic	2007	96	86	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	24
Guatemala	1998/99	92	89	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Guyana ^b	2006/07	96	92	2	3	6	7	29	19	2	14
Haiti	2005/06	74	42	..	..	..	..	..	..	87	98
Honduras	2005	97	90	3	2	12	4	..	..	20	86
Jamaica ^b	2006	96	84	3	4	8	15	18	21	..	..
Nicaragua	2001	98	77	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	92
Peru	2004/05	96	86	..	..	..	..	..	..	11 ^h	87 ^h
More developed regions											
Albania ^b	2005	96	95	4	3	13	5	22	17	26	79
Belarus ^b	2005	99	96	9	7	0	9

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Access to sources of drinking water and use of solid fuels for cooking (continued)

Country or area ^a	Year	Proportion of households within 15 minutes from a source of drinking water (%)		Proportion of households without water on premises by adult person usually collecting water (%)				Average time needed to collect water (minutes per trip)		Proportion of households using solid fuels for cooking (%)	
		Urban	Rural	Urban		Rural		Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural
				Woman	Man	Woman	Man				
More developed regions (continued)											
Bosnia and Herzegovina ^b	2006	98	95	2	2	8	7	12	12	19	67
Montenegro ^b	2005/06	100	97	..	..	6	3	15	15	18	56
Republic of Moldova	2005	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	24
Serbia ^b	2005/06	99	96	1	1	4	4	33	19	14	61
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia ^b	2005	98	98	1	1	4	1	29	10	24	55
Ukraine ^b	2005	98	91	2	4	36	35	20	8	2	25

Sources

All indicators: Macro International, Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) reports and STAT compiler, <http://www.measuredhs.com/> (accessed in August 2009); and UNICEF (United Nations Children's Fund), Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) reports, <http://childinfo.org/> (accessed in August 2009).

Definitions

Households within 15 minutes from a source of drinking water: Households whose members need less than 15 minutes to go to the main source of drinking water, get water and come back.

Adult usually collecting water: Woman or man aged 15 years or over identified by a household member as the person usually going to fetch water from the household's main source of drinking water.

Average time needed to collect water: Average time needed to go to the main source of drinking water, get water and return home, calculated only for households without water on premises.

Households using solid fuels for cooking: Households using as main type of fuel for cooking wood, straw, shrubs, grass, crop residue, animal dung, coal, lignite or charcoal. These types of fuels are associated with increased indoor air pollution.

Notes

.. Data not available.

— Magnitude nil or less than 0.5 per cent.

a Data from Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) unless otherwise stated.

b Data from Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) national reports.

c Data from 2003 DHS national report.

d Data from 1994/95 DHS national report.

e Data from 2005 DHS national report.

f Multiple response for the question on person usually collecting water.

g Data from 2007 DHS national report.

h Data from 2000 DHS national report.

i Data from 1997 DHS national report.